What's Really Driving California Health Care Costs?



According to the 2020 California Department of Managed Health Care Prescription Drug Cost Transparency Report, health plan profits and pharmacy benefit managers (PBMs) – not pharmaceutical spending – are the leading cause of insurance premium spikes.



The impact of <u>prescription</u> <u>drug spending</u> on California insurance premiums <u>has</u> gone down.¹



Profits for California health insurance companies spiked by 172% in just one year.¹



Pharmaceutical manufacturer discounts, paid as rebates, totaled over <u>\$1 billion</u>, yet insurance premiums increased <u>by 6.2%</u>.



Unfortunately, California patients often <u>do not</u> <u>benefit from those</u> <u>rebates.</u> Why not?

No other factor driving the cost of health plan premiums increased as much as the [health plan] profit margin. - Sacramento Bee

Health Insurers and the Fortune 500³



More than **\$226 billion** in revenue in 2018 and more than **11 billion** in profits, a **13.5%** increase.



\$195 billion in revenue in 2018 after **\$70 billion** acquisition of insurer Aetna.



\$92 billion in revenue, even after exiting several Affordable Care Act markets.

¹ Department of Managed Health Care Prescription Drug Cost Transparency Report (Measurement Year 2018)

The California legislature should act to ensure savings from rebates end up in the patient's pocket, not the pharmacy benefit managers (PBMs).

 ² Sacramento Bee, January 14, 2020
³ 2019 Fortune 500

